## Re-exam Calculus-3 (10 points free):

Total points to obtain 100 [In all problems provide a brief justification for what you do]



## Problem 1 (15 points)

Consider the series:  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-3)^n}{n\sqrt{n}} x^n$ ; For which values of x is the series convergent?

Problem 2 (15 points)

Find the value of c if

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (1 + c)^{-n} = 2$$

Problem 3 (15 points)

If *a*, *b*, and *c* are all positive constants and y(x) is a solution of the differential equation ay'' + by' + cy = 0, show that  $\lim_{x\to\infty} y(x) = 0$ .

Tip : consider all possible cases for  $b^2 - 4ac \ ( \le 0, > 0 )$ 

## Problem 4 (20 points)

(a: 10 points) (b: 10 points) Let L be a nonzero real number.

- (a) Show that the boundary-value problem y" + λy = 0, y(0) = 0, y(L) = 0 has only the trivial solution y = 0 for the cases λ = 0 and λ < 0.</li>
- (b) For the case  $\lambda > 0$ , find the values of  $\lambda$  for which this problem has a nontrivial solution and give the corresponding solution.

**Problem 5 (10 points)** Assume a function f(x) to have Fourier transform:  $F(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x)e^{-i2\pi kx} dx$ Consider the Fourier transform expression for the Dirac Delta function:  $\delta(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-i2\pi kx} dx$ 

Derive the Fourier Transform of the function:  $f(x) = \cos[2\pi k_o x]$ 

## Problem 6 (15 points)

Find the periodic solutions in complex form of the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + ky = f(x)$ 

where k is a constant (real number), and f (x) is a known  $2\pi$ -periodic function.

Tip: Consider the Fourier series expansions in complex form:  $f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=+\infty} f_n e^{inx}$ ,  $y(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n=+\infty} y_n e^{inx}$